



# FortiSIEM 3500F Migration Guide

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FortiSIEM 3500F Hardware Migration Guide

Revision 1

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# FSM 3500F Migration

Starting Release v5.0.0, FortiSIEM 3500F will run on bare metal, bypassing the OpenStack Hypervisor layer. This simplifies the installation, maintenance and improve performance. It is recommended to migrate the current data on your appliance and move to the new FSM 3500F OS - basically run on bare metal but retain the old data.

Follow the steps in this document for migration:

## Step 1: Upgrade FSM 3500F to v5.0.0

- Follow the instructions in the 'Upgrading FortiSIEM' section of 3500F - Hardware Configuration Guide [here](#) to upgrade to FortiSIEM v5.0.0.

## Step 2: SSH to FortiSIEM instance

- Run `ssh -i /opt/devstack/ao-fsm.key root@169.254.254.2`.

## Step 3: Stop all back-end processes

1. Run the commands in the following order:
  - a. `phtools --stop all`
  - b. `service crond stop`
  - c. `/opt/phoenix/phscripts/bin/phxctl stop`
2. Run `phstatus` and make sure all processes are down.



The processes - `phMonitor` and `Node.js` maybe be up and can be ignored.

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## Step 4: Bring the Database server up

1. Run `service postgresql-9.1 start`.
2. Run `phstatus` to make sure the `DBSrv` process is up.

## Step 5: Backup CMDB

1. Run the archive script to create an archive version of the CMDB using the command:  
`/opt/phoenix/deployment/db_archiver.sh`



The archived file will be saved at  
`/data/archive/cmdb/<phoenixdb_Date_Time>`

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2. Run `du -sh /data` to check the disk size in the remote system and make sure that there is enough space to copy the database.

## Step 6: Copy the /data directory to a remote location

1. Run `rsync -avzh /data/ root@<remote-IP>:/backups/`  
Make sure that the trailing `/` is used in the final two arguments in the `rsync` command.
2. Make sure the `/data` files are copied to the remote location.

## Step 7: Re-image the appliance

Ensure that the following prerequisites are met before re-imaging FortiSIEM.

Hardware	Software
<b>Peripherals</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• USB Keyboard</li> <li>• USB Mouse</li> <li>• VGA Monitor</li> </ul> <b>USB Thumbdrive</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 4 GB Thumbdrive (for Linux installation)</li> <li>• 8 GB Thumbdrive (for FortiSIEM appliance image)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">Ubuntu Desktop Setup Files</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">Rufus (Bootable USB Utility)</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">FortiSIEM Appliance Image</a></li> </ul>

### a) Create Bootable Linux image

1. Connect 4GB USB drive to the system (desktop or laptop).
2. Open Rufus.
3. Select the following settings for the USB:
  - a. **Partiton scheme and target system type:** MBR partition scheme for BIOS or UEFI
  - b. **File system:** FAT32
  - c. **Cluster size:** 4096 bytes (default)
  - d. **Quick Format:** Enable
  - e. **Create a bootable disk using:** ISO image
4. Click on the 'CD-ROM' icon and select the Ubuntu Setup ISO.
5. Click **Start** and allow Rufus to complete.  
Once finished, the disk is ready to boot.

**Note:** Alternatively, you can use the [Ubuntu guide](#) for creating a USB drive with Ubuntu.

### b) Copy FortiSIEM image to USB

1. Connect 8GB USB Drive to the system (desktop or laptop).
2. Open **Windows Explorer** > right-click **Drive** > click **Format**.
3. Select the following options:
  - a. **File system:** NTFS
  - b. **Allocation unit size:** 4096 bytes
  - c. **Quick Format:** Enable

4. Copy the image file to USB drive.  
For example: `FortiSIEM-VA-2000F-3500F-5.0.0.1201-hw.raw`
5. Safely remove the USB drive from the desktop or laptop by unmounting it through the Operating System.

### **c) Prepare 3500F by removing FSM**

1. Connect to the console/SSH of the FortiSIEM appliance.
2. Run the following command:  
`execute fsm-clean`
3. Allow this command to run and power-off the FortiSIEM appliance.

### **d) Configure 3500F BIOS to boot into USB Drive**

1. Connect the 4 GB USB drive to the FortiSIEM appliance.
2. Power on the FortiSIEM appliance.
3. During the boot screen, press **F11** to login to the boot options.
4. Select the option to enter into the BIOS set up.
5. Select the option for Boot options.
6. Select the 'USB drive'.
7. Save the options and quit set up.

### e) Re-image 3500F boot drive from USB Linux

1. Power on the FortiSIEM appliance.
2. Once the FortiSIEM appliance loads from the USB drive, click **Try Ubuntu**.
  - a. Connect the 8 GB USB drive to the FortiSIEM appliance.
  - b. Open a terminal.
  - c. Type the following command to identify the FortiSIEM boot disk (29.5GiB):  
`sudo fdisk -l`  
**Note:** This drive will be referred as `/dev/sdb` in the following steps.
  - d. Remove the existing `lvm` by running the following commands:
    - `sudo lvremove /dev/mapper/vg00*`
    - `sudo vgremove vg00`
3. Wipe the file system of the boot disk by running the following commands:
  - `sudo wipefs --all /dev/sdb5`
  - `sudo wipefs --all /dev/sdb1`
  - `sudo wipefs --all /dev/sdb`
4. Enter into `root` while in the terminal using the command:  
`sudo -s`
5. Determine the mount point of this drive using the command:  
`df -l`  
**Note:** For this guide, the assumption for the 8 GB mount point is:  
`/media/ubuntu/123456789/*`
6. Copy the image from the 8 GB disk to the FortiSIEM boot disk.
7. Extract the Gzipped raw image and copy the image into SATA disk (32GB). For example, use the command:  
`gunzip -c FortiSIEM-VA-2000F-3500F-5.0.0.1201-hw.raw.gz | dd of=/dev/sdb status=progress`
8. Once this is completed, power off the FortiSIEM appliance using the command:  
`shutdown -h now`
9. After shutdown, remove both USB drives from the FortiSIEM appliance.
10. Power on the FortiSIEM appliance.
11. Login as 'root' user with password 'ProspectHills'.
12. Install `gdisk` utility by running `yum install gdisk`
13. Wipe GPT using `gdisk`:
  - a. Run `fdisk -l` to see the disk partition with GPT. The approximate size of the partition will be 63000 GB. This drive will be referred as `/dev/sdb` in the following steps.
  - b. Run `gdisk /dev/sdb`.
  - c. Enter 'x' for Command (? for help):
  - d. Enter 'z' for Expert command (? for help):
  - e. Enter 'Y' for About to wipe out GPT on `/dev/sdb`. Proceed? (Y/N):
  - f. Enter 'Y' for Blank out MBR? (Y/N):
14. Run `execute format disk`.
15. Run `factoryreset`.
16. Run `vami_config_net` script to install FortiSIEM.  
The system will reboot after the script is complete .



Do not apply the License yet.

## Step 8: Restore CMDB

1. Run the commands to stop the back-end processes:
  - a. `service crond stop`
  - b. `/opt/phoenix/phscripts/bin/phxctl stop`
  - c. `phstatus - make sure all ph* processes except phMonitor is down.`
2. Copy the directory /data back from the remote location using the rsync tool:  
`rsync -avzh root@<remote-IP>:/backups/ /data/`
3. Bring the Database server up using the command:  
`service postgresql-9.1 start`
4. Run `phstatus` to make sure DBSrv is up.
5. Restore the Database using the command:  
`/opt/phoenix/deployment/db_restore.sh /data/archive/cmdb/<phoenixdb_  
Date_Time>(From Step #5)`

## Step 9: Update the Disk name in the Database

- Run `psql -U phoenix -d phoenixdb -c "update ph_sys_conf set value='/dev/mapper/FSIEM3500F-phx_data' where property='disk_name';"` to update the disk name in the Database.

## Step 10: Configure the Network

- Run `/opt/vmware/share/vami/vami_config_net` to configure the network. The system will reboot after the script is complete.

## Step 11: Apply License

- Use the existing 4.10.0 license.

## Step 12: Reset SVN password

- Run `/opt/phoenix/deployment/jumpbox/phsetsvnpwd.sh (admin/admin*1/super).`

## Step 13: Delete Worker cache file

- Run `rm /data/cache/worker_mon_job.xml.`

Migration is now complete. Make sure all the devices, user-defined rules, reports, dashboards are migrated successfully.





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